

Miller & Rhoads

Supreme Felt Mattresses



In our exhibition and sale of Summer house-furnishings, at

\$8.00

Filled with 50 pounds of high-grade layer felt and cotton; covered with fine quality plain or fancy ticking—made with a French roll edge and closely tufted.

Warranted pure elastic cotton felt—built up in even layers—sanitary, non-absorbent, dustproof and vermin proof. AN UNEQUALLED VALUE.

Rag Rugs

A Popular Adjunct of Summer Furnishings

We are showing "Gretchen" Rag Rugs and "ve ole-fashion" hit-and-miss Striped Rugs in mixed colors, that are washable.

We also show the "QUAKER" Rag Rugs, of same material, only these are woven in solid colors of blue, green, tan, grey and pink—woven on hand looms.

27x36 inches	75c	6x9 feet	\$5.50
30x60 inches	\$1.00	7x10.6 feet	\$8.00
36x72 inches	\$1.50	9x12 feet	\$10.00
48x84 inches	\$2.75	12x15 feet	\$18.75

Some Extra Good Values in Our Linen Department

Napkins—pure linen, full bleached and heavy weight; per dozen \$2.00
 Pure Linen Damask Table Cloths, 2x2 1/2 yards—limited quantity to sell at \$2.35
 72-inch wide Full Bleached and Silver Bleached Damask—pure linen and superior to that usually sold at this price; yard \$1.00
 Imported German Mercerized Damask—58 inches wide and of very best quality; a cloth having the appearance of the all-linen at three times the cost; per yard 50c
 Turkish Towels (with your initial in the end), a very heavy and large (21x42) towel, and the best ever produced at 25c
 Huck Towels—a half linen, softly woven towel, in all white or with red borders; a great value at 12c
 All Linen Pillow Cases—hemstitched—embroidered in wreath designs; a value never before offered at \$1.69 per pair

Main Floor.

A Special Bedding Sale In the Basement

Embracing a number of extraordinarily good values—among them:

Five Lots of Sheets

- Lot 1. Heavy Quality Bleached Sheets, size 81x90 inches, at 69c.
- Lot 2. Seamless Bleached Sheets, free from dressing, size 81x90 inches, at 50c.
- Lot 3. Size 72x90-inch Sheets, with improved flat centre seam, deep hem, at 35c.
- Lot 4. "Rival" Sheets, products of the New York Mills; of strong and durable bleached cotton. All sizes from 65x90 at 50c to 90x90 at 70c.

Pillow Cases to match, 15c.
 Lot 5. "Utica" Sheets and Pillow Cases; the world's recognized standard of excellence in bedding. Here in all sizes from 65x90 at 70c to 90x108 at \$1.05.
 Pillow Cases at 18c for 42x36 to 30c for 54x36.

Two Special Bed Spreads

AT 98c Large Double-bed Size White Crochet Spreads—a medium weight for summer use—several styles.
 AT \$1.50 Large White Crochet Spreads; made of extra quality pure white yarn; shown in a number of new and attractive designs.

Basement.

HENRY C. STUART BEGINS RECOVERY DESIGN ADOPTED FOR NEW HOSPITAL

Takes Drive to Country—Expects to Campaign for Governor With All Vigor.

For the first time since his recent operation, Henry C. Stuart, after a ride yesterday afternoon, was able to say that he felt a decided change for the better in his condition. He was placed in an automobile and driven to the Country Club. The spring air and the trip strengthened him a great deal.

Mr. Stuart's recovery has been slow, because of unfavorable conditions which arose during his convalescence. His physical weakness is still extreme, but he is at last fairly on the road to recovery and is expected to regain his strength rapidly. He longs to be back in the mountains of the Southwest.

Before it becomes necessary for him to prosecute his campaign for the governorship, Mr. Stuart expects to be well and strong. He has lost not a particle of his interest in his race, and will prosecute it with all vigor.

Robinson Plans Approved for Tubercular Infirmary to Be Built at Salem.

Plans offered by C. M. Robinson, of this city, were adopted yesterday by a committee of the State Board of Health for the reception hospital and infirmary to be erected at Salem. Six architects submitted designs.

The new hospital will be part of the system of the Catawba Sanatorium. Early and incipient cases alone will hereafter be treated at Catawba. All patients will be received at the Salem hospital, and those ready for the sanatorium will be sent there. Others will be kept for a time at Salem.

The Robinson plans are of Spanish type, giving the impression of an open-air building. Wide balconies surround the building on each floor. The estimated cost is \$350,000.

Members of the State Board present were Dr. J. B. Fisher, of Midlothian, and Dr. W. M. Smith, of Alexandria. State Health Commissioner Knicker G. Williams, with Captain W. W. Baker, of Chesterfield, also attended the meeting.

Suing for Lost Bond.

An appeal was awarded yesterday to E. J. Rader in his suit against A. G. Robinson and W. B. Spencer, from a decision of Judge George J. Hundley in the Circuit Court of Prince Edward county. Robinson was the principal and Spencer the surety on a bond for \$10,000, upon which Rader sued. It seems the original bond was lost, and while the court did not specify the ground of its action in sustaining Spencer's demurrer, it was supposed to be on the ground of a Court of chancery to an

MAKENO CHANGES IN SCHOOL BOOKS

Education Board Continues Contracts on Elementary Books for Two Years.

CERTIFICATES TO TEACHERS No Plan Adopted—Requirements Made Easier for Humblest Instructors.

No changes will be made in the textbooks of the primary and grammar grades in Virginia public schools for the next two years. By resolution of the State Board of Education, adopted yesterday, all of the present lists of books are officially adopted for that length of time. When the renewed contracts expire, the high school adoption will have just ended, so that all books will come up for selection at one time.

Some such proposition, in different form, was made in a bill introduced in the House of Delegates during the recent session by Speaker Eyring and Alden Bell. It failed of passage, or, rather, was withdrawn by its patrons, in view of doubt as to whether the Legislature has any jurisdiction over the State Board's action in the selection of schoolbooks. Instead, a resolution was passed asking the board to adhere to the single list as far as possible.

Changes Unpopular. It has been the experience of education officials that people do not object to the price of schoolbooks, but they do object to frequent changes. So there will be no new books to buy for two years, unless the publishers try to raise prices. They are not at all likely to do so, since they will lose contracts thereby.

The resolution adopted is as follows: "In order to get the date of the selection of books for elementary schools at the same time as the selection of books for high schools, the present lists of books are selected, adopted and continued for the term of two years from the expiration of the present contracts, provided the prices charged by publishers shall be satisfactory to the board."

Of course, this does not and cannot apply to cities adopting free school-book plans, as in Richmond.

Qualification of Teachers. Much of the board's time was spent in discussing the tentative plan of requirements for teachers' certificates, as already issued in circular form. No one offered objections in person, and while a few letters were received making suggestions, these were largely along the line of asking that some of the requirements be made more exacting. The requirement for issuing and renewing certificates to the teachers of the smallest schools in the State have been made materially easier.

No decision was reached. If any other person were to be heard on the requirements before they are finally adopted, they will have an opportunity at the next meeting of the board, which was fixed at May 30.

To Start Work on What. The Committee on Improvement of James River has been called to meet at the wharf to-morrow afternoon, when the work on the municipal wharf, already started, Chairman George W. Rogers, of the committee, will drive the first pile in the presence of President Peters, of the Common Council, and other prominent members of the city government.

PRISONER IS NOT WANTED AT HOME

Governor Thinks This Good Reason Why Floyd Should Be Sent to North Carolina.

Strangest of all reasons ever offered in the Virginia Capitol against the granting of requisition papers was that vainly interposed yesterday morning in behalf of W. J. Floyd, wanted in Guilford county, N. C., where he escaped custody after conviction.

Floyd's defense, made through his attorney, was that the North Carolina authorities convicted for his escape, knew he was going to leave, and did not want him to come back. For this reason, said W. H. Jordan, counsel for the prisoner, he should not be returned to those who really do not want him.

Assault, illicit liquor selling and jail breaking are the offenses with which Floyd is charged. He was picked up recently in Lynchburg, and the North Carolina officials were notified, of course, whether they wanted Floyd or not, they were then obliged to send for him.

Evidently the man had money or friends, for prominent attorneys were retained. The formal hearing was yesterday morning before Governor Mann in his office.

The Governor heard the peculiar defense, to the effect that the North Carolina people were glad when Floyd left the State. "That being the case," said the Governor, "the more not be a desirable citizen for Virginia, and we had best send him back." He directed that certain possible technical errors in the papers be corrected.

Georgia and Florida Earnings. Earnings of the Georgia and Florida Railway for the first week in April show an increase of 2.22, or 99 per cent, as compared with the corresponding week last year. The road, in which Richmond capital is largely interested, has recently authorized the purchase of four additional locomotives of the heavier type.

Your Own Money

Deserves your attention and thought in accumulating and caring for it.

We noticed last week during our exhibition of "The Money of the World" that almost everybody who came into our banking rooms showed the greatest interest in the various coins and their history. At the same time we felt that we would be glad to see every individual giving time and thought to the study of his own personal finances.

The American National Bank

OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA, is ready to help you to-day with 3 per cent. Compound Interest and Security and Service for YOUR OWN MONEY.

MAY SWITCH LINE TO NEW TERMINUS

Richmond and Rappahannock River Railway Likely Reach Point Further Down.

ENGINEERS NOW AT WORK Gloucester Point Regarded as Ideal Location for Great Trading Centre.

Speculation is rife as to the various influences of the schemes for building railroads down the York water Virginia and opening up the western shore of the Chesapeake Bay by railroad development. A dispatch from Lancaster has been received stating that Channing M. Ward has been made the agent for the construction of the proposed line from Gloucester Point to the Northern Neck. From a reliable source it is learned that the projected road from Hampton across the York River and north to Washington has been under investigation by engineers from New York, who have reported favorably to the capitalists employing them.

The engineers of the Richmond and Rappahannock River Railroad began the preliminary survey last week. The ultimate terminus on deep water has not been definitely settled. The road was first projected for a point near Urbanna, but it is said that there are many arguments in favor of putting the terminus further down the Rappahannock River. New Point, on Mobjack Bay, has recently changed hands, and the charter of that company allows the terminus to be made at that point. New Point is most favorably located, being between the Mobjack and Chesapeake bays and nearer the cape than Norfolk.

Great Trading Centre.

Competent railroad men have always looked upon Gloucester Point, at the mouth of York River, as the ideal location for a great trading centre. The harbor is one of the finest in the world, the river being fifty feet deep ten feet from the shore. Gloucester Point is nearer to the cape than Norfolk. It is the only point on the river where the merchant marine has been given the opportunity of opening the Panama Canal, it would seem probable that, as the question of tapping the Rappahannock River will be solved by the Northern Neck Railroad, the Richmond and Rappahannock River Railroad involves some larger scheme than the mere connection of Richmond with Urbanna. If this be true, it is confidently predicted that Gloucester Point or New Point will be the deepwater terminus of a trunk line seeking an outlet from the West.

WITNESS DID NOT APPEAR IN COURT

Foster Trial in Henrico Delayed Until Mrs. Hicks Can Be Forced to Attend.

Adjournment of the Commonwealth case vs. Edward Foster, the "inspired exhorter," of Henrico, who is charged with a crime toward a young girl ward, because of his necessary yesterday afternoon because of the distribution of an important witness for the State to appear. The whole case, from the standpoint of the State, hangs upon the age, and because of the fact that she is an orphan, and was born in destitute surroundings, the difficulty is being found in establishing her birthday.

The missing witness, a Mrs. Hicks, of Louisa, will be brought to court to-morrow under a capias which the Commonwealth's Attorney asked for yesterday. She is believed to be the only person with an accurate knowledge of Ada Katherine Meeks's age, and will be made to testify even if she has to be brought to court by an officer. She had been summoned to appear, and was due in Richmond yesterday morning. When she failed to present herself, the Commonwealth offered to rest its case, and allow the defense to begin, but this was refused by the State. Foster, a Venetian, who is representing Foster, Mrs. Hicks will be the first witness on the stand this morning.

The morning session closed with the evidence of the girl herself. Her testimony was in the account, for the reason that all she knew of her age was what other people had told her. Dr. W. J. Mayhew, superintendent of the Children's Home of Virginia, girl was being cared for when she was adopted by the Foster family. In the age affair, other witnesses were Deputy-Sheriff W. W. Snyder and County Officer W. H. Taylor.

Georgia and Florida Earnings. Earnings of the Georgia and Florida Railway for the first week in April show an increase of 2.22, or 99 per cent, as compared with the corresponding week last year. The road, in which Richmond capital is largely interested, has recently authorized the purchase of four additional locomotives of the heavier type.

MUST SUPPLY ALL WHO SEEK POWER

This Clause Inserted in Franchise Plan of Richmond and Henrico Company.

NO FINAL ACTION TAKEN Subcommittees Hears Argument Until Midnight, and Will Hear More.

Little progress was made last night in determining the conditions on which the city will grant a lighting and power franchise to the Richmond and Henrico Railway Company. A subcommittee of the Council Committee on Streets discussed the matter until midnight, considering amendments to the proposed draft offered by the applicants, by the Virginia Railway and Power Company, and by Assistant City Attorney Anderson, and at a late hour, with most of its business unfinished, adjourned to meet Thursday night of next week.

Probably the most important action taken was the adoption of a substitute clause offered by Chairman Pollock, requiring the applicant company to furnish light or power to any one applying within a period of twelve months unless relieved by the Committee on Streets, this being a compromise position taken by the entering company that it should only serve the business section at first and grow as its business justified, and the position of the existing company—the Virginia Railway and Power Company, which proposed that it should serve the entire city—not merely the cream of the territory.

"Blackmail Usually Charged."

The proposed franchise was amended to expire July 1, 1927, when the existing franchise expires. Henry W. Anderson, who appeared for the Virginia Railway and Power Company, asserted that since the applicant company had admitted that the rates here were reasonable and the service adequate, it should be required to give some concessions in rates.

He claimed, however, that the offer to give a base rate of 8 cents, as against the present base rate of 10 cents, with the present rate of discounts, would be of little effect if the entering company only went into the manufacturing district, where all contracts are made by special agreement. Unless applied to power rates also, the reduction promised would be of no benefit to citizens, since there was nothing in the franchise to compel the entering company to extend its lines into the light contracts. He predicted that war rates which could only result in one company or the other buying out its competitor and "paying the blackmail usually charged in such cases."

Should Serve Whole City. His opponent, he asserted, could also reduce its rates, were it not required to go into the outlying residence districts and give service. Mr. Anderson offered a number of amendments providing that the entering company shall furnish light and power to any citizen living in a section now supplied; that the applicant will begin construction in ninety days and complete it in twelve months to a point sufficient to supply 5,000 horsepower, and for building a plant to make contracts for current until its distribution system shall have been 50 per cent. completed.

Mr. Anderson also asked that the terms of an arbitration in regard to the rates of discounts be determined, and that ample bond be required, suggesting \$50,000, as was required of the Urbanna Railway, reminding the committee that the applicants had held for ten years an unexercised street lighting franchise hanging over the head of the existing lines.

Meredith Replies. Mr. Meredith, for the Richmond and Henrico Railway held that the amendments were so many efforts to evade the franchise as to make it impossible to accept. He discussed in detail the offer of an 8 cent base rate, but claimed that his company could not offer a general 20 per cent. reduction from all existing rates.

Mr. Kelley held the whole city entirely unreasonable, and asserted that his company had built its railroad as soon as it could get the money. The Anderson amendments he described as unnecessary and unfair.

Mr. Vanderlehr thought any applicant should come up to the acropolis with something for the benefit of the city, and moved to take up the resolution making a general 20 per cent. Ayes—Messrs. Pollock, Funderlehr, Miller and Ferguson; noes—Messrs. Moore and Don Leary. This being the first indication of the attitude of the committee, Mr. Pollock stated that he favored every restriction to protect the city, since it had been admitted that the rates here were reasonable and lower than in most cities similarly situated, he could not support an amendment which would practically prevent the new company from doing business, and the amendment was thereupon rejected unanimously.

Gives Committee Final Power. The amendment requiring the entering company to begin work in ninety days, and complete it in twelve months to a point in the city, is now supplied with light and power was discussed, Dr. Miller holding that when a franchise is given away, it should be for the benefit of all the citizens—not merely of some favored ward.

Mr. Don Leary pressed that it was a matter of impossibility to comply and after various counter-propositions, the suggestion of Chairman Pollock requiring the applicant to furnish light and power to any citizen unless relieved by the Committee on Streets was adopted over the protest of Messrs. Meredith and Kelley.

The committee then adjourned without taking action on a number of other pending amendments.

Quick Work for New School. T. E. Settle, supervisors of rural elementary schools, has returned from Prince George Court-house, where at a white party by him a school improvement league was organized. Mr. Settle delivered his illustrated lecture, and Miss Belle Webb organized the society. Miss Apple Hill was elected president and Miss Rosa Temple secretary.

As a result of the spirit aroused the school board at a meeting held immediately thereafter decided to build a four-room graded school house.

Norfolk Suits for Men

Everybody is advertising them as novelties now. We showed a very satisfactory stock twelve months ago—another evidence of our Leadership. This season the variety of colorings and styles is greater than ever. Take a peep at a few of the styles in our western window.

Gans-Rady Company

MAYOR UPSETS PLAN OF BOARD

Police Commission Can't Use Fines Imposed on Officers to Pay Belton's Salary.

Fines imposed upon members of the police force for violation of department rules, offered by the Mayor, who is president of the Police Board, upset the plans of the majority faction now in control of all police matters.

The majority faction desired to promote Detective Peter A. Belton to detective-sergeant, the latter title carrying a larger salary. There was no objection to the idea of giving him the promotion, but it happened that the board could not do that and keep within the law. So it was agreed to pay the difference out of the fines, money going heretofore to the Police Benevolent Association. City Attorney Pollock ruled against it, but Belton was advanced, those voting for this move being Commissioners Well, Boykin, McCarthy, Goods and Bradley. Commissioners Manning, Gordon and Thomas opposed the move, but they did not vote, although he justly knew that he was opposed to that sort of system.

So when the pay roll reached him yesterday the Mayor refused to approve it, giving his reasons therefor in a letter to George E. Pollock, clerk of the board. The letter follows: "The semi-monthly payroll of the Police Department has been presented to me this morning for my approval. Section 82 of the city charter provides that the salary and pay of officers and members of the police force shall be such as may be prescribed by the City Council. I am advised that the appropriation made by the City Council for the payment of the officers and members of the police force for the current fiscal year provides for the payment of one chief of police, five captains, twenty-one sergeants and 126 privates at the stated salary in the estimate of wants furnished by the Board of Police Commissioners."

"The payroll this day submitted to me provides for the payment of 185 privates at \$2.88 per day; twenty-one sergeants, at \$4.12 for fifteen days, and for one additional sergeant, for twelve days at \$4.10 per day, which is \$2.64 in excess of the appropriation made by the City Council for the payment of the officers and members of the police force."

"This increase, in my opinion, is in violation of law, and contrary to the opinion of the city attorney given to the Board of Police Commissioners under date of March 10, 1912. I will not, therefore, approve the payroll for \$1,517.48. Instead of \$1,520.12, deducting \$2.64 the difference between the pay of a private and a sergeant for twelve days."

"Very respectfully," "D. C. RICHARDSON, President Board of Police Commissioners."

BAPTIST SUNDAY-SCHOOLS Figures Show Record Attendance During Month of March.

At the regular monthly and quarterly meeting of the Baptist Sunday School Association of Richmond and vicinity, held Sunday afternoon at the First Baptist Church, reports were read from the various schools showing the average attendance for March as follows: 19th Street, 250; Barton Heights, 100; East End, 22; Fairmount, 28; First, 100; Fulton, 24; Grace Street, 31; Immanuel, 10; Leigh Street, 30; Northside, 34; Oak Grove, 100; Pine Street, 72; Randolph Street, 26; Second, 43; Stockton Street, 25; Tabernacle, 40; Venable Street, 63; Westmoreland Memorial, 107; Westhampton, 10; Woodland Heights, 16. Several schools did not report.

The following officers were elected: C. A. Watkins, president; Dr. W. T. Matthews, first vice-president; Davis Bottom, second vice-president; A. H. Saunders, secretary; E. C. Garrison, treasurer; T. J. Todd, auditor.

Building School Spirit. J. H. Binford, executive secretary of the Co-operative Education Association, is spending the week in two Eastern counties. Beginning yesterday, and ending to-morrow, Mr. Binford is assisting Superintendent Reynolds in some educational rallies, while on Thursday and Friday schools will be visited and addresses delivered in Northumberland. By this means the Co-operative Education Association is seeking to arouse greater interest in public schools throughout the State.

Monument Unveiled. A stone marking the grave in Oakwood Cemetery of W. L. Mickelthorpe, who died last August, was unveiled Sunday afternoon in the presence of about 100 people by Nelia Camp, No. 25, Woodmen of the World. Rev. Gerald Culbertson was the orator. Miss Louise Johnson read a poem, and a double quartet from Pine Street Baptist Church and charge of the music. Mr. R. Pace acted as master of ceremonies.

Richmond's Home Fire Insurance Companies had \$113,205,336 in insurance in force January 1, 1912.

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UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

Richmond's Home Fire Insurance Companies had \$113,205,336 in insurance in force January 1, 1912. Richmond Advertisers' Club